AAO Foundation Award Final Report (a/o 2/12/08)

Principal Investigator	Steven J. Lindauer
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Award Type	Biomedical Research Award
Project Title	Orthodontic Faculty Recruitment and Retention: Goals and
	Perceptions
Project Year	2002 - 2003
Institution	Virginia Commonwealth University
Summary/Abstract	A crisis in orthodontic education exists today due to a
(250 word maximum)	shortage of qualified individuals seeking to pursue
,	careers in academic orthodontics. 35% of orthodontic
	graduate programs in the United States report having at
	least one vacant faculty position. Previous studies have
	identified several factors that contribute to the current
	shortage. The purpose of this study was to quantify and
	compare real and perceived differences in income,
	workload, and other qualitative characteristics, between
	academic and private practice orthodontists.
	Orthodontic faculty, private practitioners, and residents
	were surveyed and their answers were compared
	statistically. Faculty annual income was less than one-
	half that of geographically- and experience-matched
	private practitioners. Faculty reported working an
	average of 25% more hours per week and income-per-
	hour for full-time faculty was less than one-third that of
	their private practice colleagues. In addition, faculty
	perceived that they experienced more stress,
	encountered more bureaucracy, received less respect,
	and had a more difficult time achieving board
	certification than private practitioners. Despite these
	findings, both faculty and private practitioners reported
	high levels of satisfaction in their respective jobs.
	Orthodontic residents were better attuned to the
	differences between academics and private practice
	than were faculty or private practitioners themselves.
	Residents perceived that it would take an average of
	67% longer to payoff their educational debt in a faculty
	position than in private practice. It is in the best interest
	of orthodontics to resolve the crisis in education if it is
	to maintain its well-respected status among dental and
	medical specialties.
Were the original,	There were 3 Specific Aims of the project. The first was to compare

specific aims of the proposal realized?	real and perceived compensation between academic and private-practice orthodontists. The second was to compare real and perceived work-effort between academic and private-practice orthodontists. The third was to compare perceptions regarding other factors between academic and private-practice orthodontists. These 3 aims were met by the study.
Were the results published? If not, are there plans to publish? If not, why not?	Lindauer SJ, Peck SL, Tufekci E, Coffey T, Best AM: <i>The Crisis in Orthodontic Education: Goals and Perceptions</i> . Am J Orthod Dentofacial Orthop 124: 480-487, 2003.
Have the results of this proposal been presented? If so, when and where? If not, are there plans to do so? If not, why not?	The results of this study have been presented at local and regional meetings including the Angle North Atlantic Component Meeting, Las Vegas, 2003; University of Alabama, Birmingham, 2003; and the Southern Association of Orthodontists Annual Meeting, Savannah, GA, 2002.